\boxtimes	Original		Updated		Corrected		Supple	emental	
LRB	Number	09-3129/2	2	Introd	duction N	umber	SB-429	1	
Establi	Description Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								
Fiscal	Effect								
	No State Fisc ndeterminate Increase E Appropriat Decrease Appropriat Create Ne	e Existing tions Existing	Reve	ase Existing nues ease Existing nues	to		_		
Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts 5. Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Cities Counties Others School WTCS Districts									
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS									
Agend	y/Prepared	Ву		Authorized	Signature			Date	
DHS/	Ellen Hadidia	n (608) 266-81	55	Andy Forsait	h (608) 266-	7684		1/15/2010	

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DHS 1/15/2010

LRB Number	09-3129/2	Introduction Number	SB-429	Estimate Type	Original			
Description								
Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency								
medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, if a fire fighter is disabled or dies as a result of a heart or respiratory impairment or disease, including cancer, it is presumed that the medical condition was the result of the fire fighter's employment, if the fire fighter had served at least five years in that capacity and if the person showed no evidence of impairment before joining the fire department. This presumption applies to proceedings regarding benefits for a state, county, or municipal fire fighter.

SB 429 creates language that defines infectious disease and specifies that correctional officers, emergency medical service providers, fire fighters, and law enforcement officers who become disabled or die because of an infectious disease will be presumed to have contracted the disease as a result of their employment. This presumption applies to proceedings regarding benefits for state, county, and municipal employees. The bill does not require that an individual be employed for a minimum term in order to qualify for this presumption.

This bill is not expected to have a fiscal effect on the Department.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

\boxtimes	Original		Updated		Corrected		Supplemental	
LRB	Number	09-3129/2	2	Introdu	action Numb	er S	B-429	
Description Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								
Fiscal	Effect							
	No State Fisc ndeterminate Increase E Appropriat Decrease Appropriat Create Ne	Existing tions Existing	Reve	ease Existing	to abso		s - May be possible n agency's budget \B\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts								
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS								
Agend	y/Prepared	Ву		Authorized Si	gnature		Date	
DOT/ Remi Aregbesola (608) 267-7392 Julie				Julie Johnson	(608) 267-3703		1/19/2010	

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOT 1/19/2010

LRB Number	09-3129/2	Introduction Number	SB-429	Estimate Type	Original			
Description								
Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The fiscal effect is in indeterminate. Reducing the years to qualify for the presumption does not cause a direct increase in cost for the state. Early indication of a disease may not decrease cost either. However, this depends on the strength or complexity of the disease upon diagnosing from case to case.

Among the occupations affected by this bill, the Department employs only 416 law enforcement officers: 317 State Patrol troopers and 99 State Patrol inspectors.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Indeterminate.

Original Updated	Corrected	Supplemental						
LRB Number 09-3129/2	Introduction Numbe	r SB-429						
Description Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								
Fiscal Effect								
Appropriations Reve	rease Existing to absort	Costs - May be possible b within agency's budget Yes No e Costs						
Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts 5. Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Cities Counties Others School WTCS Districts								
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS 20.515 (1w)								
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date						
ETF/ Jon Kranz (608) 267-0908	Bob Conlin (608) 261-7940	12/23/2009						

Fiscal Estimate Narratives ETF 12/23/2009

LRB Number	09-3129/2	Introduction Number	SB-429	Estimate Type	Original			
Description								
Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency								
medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill modifies certain aspects of the duty disability program under s. 40.65. Under the bill, in a proceeding regarding benefits for certain protective occupation participants related to a disability due to certain infectious diseases, there would be a presumption that the disease was caused by the person's employment if that person's pre-employment medical examination showed no evidence of the disease.

Any increase in administrative costs will be dependent on the number of new duty disability claims received as a result of this bill. Based on similar provisions in current law, it is anticipated that very few additional claims will be generated as a result of this change. As such, the increase in administrative costs is anticipated to be insignificant. Note that an actuarial analysis would be needed to better project the change in claims associated with this bill - this analysis has not be done or requested.

Only changes in the administrative costs associated with the duty disability program are included in this estimate.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental						
LRB Number 09-3129/2	Introduction Number	SB-429						
Description Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								
Fiscal Effect								
Appropriations Revo								
Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts 5. Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Cities Counties Others School WTCS Districts								
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations Separation								
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date						
RET/ Dan Schmidt (608) 267-7251								

Fiscal Estimate Narratives RET 12/17/2009

LRB Number	09-3129/2	Introduction Number	SB-429	Estimate Type	Original			
Description								
Establishing a presumption for employment-connected communicable diseases for fire fighters, emergency								
medical service providers, law enforcement officers, and certain correctional employees								

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Current law provides that a state, county, or municipal fire fighter who dies or is disabled as the result of a heart or respiratory impairment or disease or of cancer, is legally presumed to have been caused by the employment as a fire fighter if the fire fighter served a minimum term in that employment (five years for a heart or respiratory impairment or disease and ten years for cancer) and the qualifying medical examination given before his or her joining the fire department showed no evidence of the impairment or disease. A fire fighter who meets these conditions is eligible for disability or death benefits under s.40.65, Stats.

2009 Senate Bill 429 creates a similar presumption for municipal fire fighter, emergency medical service providers, law enforcement officers, or correctional officers who die or are disabled as a result of certain infectious diseases. The bill provides that in a proceeding regarding benefits for a state, county, or municipal fire fighter, emergency medical service provider, law enforcement officer, or correctional officer who dies or is disabled as a result of certain infectious diseases, there is a presumption that the disease was caused by the person's employment as a fire fighter, an emergency medical service provider, a law enforcement officer, or a correctional officer if the person's qualifying medical examination showed no evidence of the disease. The bill does not require a minimum term of employment to qualify for the presumption. Thus, a state, county, or municipal fire fighter, emergency medical service provider, law enforcement officer, or correctional officer who meets the conditions of the bill is entitled to duty disability or death benefits under s.40.65, Stats. Duty disability and death benefits are paid out of the core trust fund.

In order to determine the cost to the core fund, an actuarial study would be necessary. As the legislature does not employ an actuary, the Legislative Council Staff would need to contract with the actuarial firm contracted by ETF at an approximate cost of \$15,000. An actuarial study may be requested by the cochairpersons of the Joint Survey Committee on Retirement Systems (JSCRS) for bills referred to the JSCRS or by the presiding officer of either house of the Wisconsin Legislature for a bill that is pending in that house.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Long-range implications remain indeterminate until an actuarial study is performed.

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2009 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

C	Original Dpdated		Corrected		Supplemental			
LF	RB Number 09-3129/2		Introduction Num	ber	SB-429			
Est	scription tablishing a presumption for employment- ergency medical service providers, law e							
anı	One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for nualized fiscal effect): tuarial study.	r Stat	e and/or Local Governm	ent (do	not include in			
H. 4	Annualized Costs:		Annualized Fise	cal Imp	act on funds from:			
			Increased Costs		Decreased Costs			
A.	State Costs by Category							
\square	State Operations - Salaries and Fringes		\$		\$			
	(FTE Position Changes)							
	State Operations - Other Costs		15,000					
	Local Assistance							
\coprod	Aids to Individuals or Organizations							
Ш	TOTAL State Costs by Category		\$15,000		\$			
В.	B. State Costs by Source of Funds							
	GPR		15,000					
	FED							
	PRO/PRS							
	SEG/SEG-S							
	State Revenues - Complete this only venues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in			r decre	ase state			
			Increased Rev		Decreased Rev			
	GPR Taxes		\$		\$			
Ц	GPR Earned							
Ш	FED							
Ц	PRO/PRS							
	SEG/SEG-S							
Ц	TOTAL State Revenues		\$		\$			
	NET ANNU	JALIZ	ED FISCAL IMPACT					
		State	Loca					
_	NET CHANGE IN COSTS		\$15,000		\$			
NE	ET CHANGE IN REVENUE		\$		\$			
Agency/Prepared By Authorized Signature					Date			
RE	ET/ Dan Schmidt (608) 267-7251	Dai	an Schmidt (608) 267-7251 12/17					